CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 6870

Chapter 28, Laws of 2010

61st Legislature 2010 1st Special Session

SEXUALLY VIOLENT PREDATORS--SERVICES--COSTS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/13/10

Passed by the Senate April 12, 2010 YEAS 45 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 12, 2010 YEAS 85 NAYS 9

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 23, 2010, 2:00 p.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 6870** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

April 23, 2010

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 6870

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2010 1st Special Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Senator Hargrove; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

Read first time 02/22/10. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

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AN ACT Relating to containing costs for services to sexually violent predators; and amending RCW 71.09.050, 71.09.090, and 71.09.110.

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6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 71.09.050 and 2009 c 409 s 5 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

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11 (1) Within forty-five days after the completion of any hearing held pursuant to RCW 71.09.040, the court shall conduct a trial to determine 12 whether the person is a sexually violent predator. 13 The trial may be 14 continued upon the request of either party and a showing of good cause, or by the court on its own motion in the due administration of justice, 15 and when the respondent will not be substantially prejudiced. 16 The department is responsible for the cost of one expert or professional 17 person to conduct an evaluation on the prosecuting agency's behalf. At 18 19 all stages of the proceedings under this chapter, any person subject to

this chapter shall be entitled to the assistance of counsel, and if the person is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel to assist him or her. The person shall be confined in a secure facility for the duration of the trial.

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6 (2) Whenever any person is subjected to an ((examination)) 7 evaluation under this chapter, ((he or she may retain)) the department <u>is responsible for the cost of one</u> expert((s)) or professional 8 9 person((s-to-perform-an-examination)) to_conduct_an_evaluation on ((their)) the person's behalf. When the person wishes to be 10 ((examined)) evaluated by a qualified expert or professional person of 11 his or her own choice, ((such-examiner-shall)) the expert or 12 13 professional person must be permitted to have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of such ((examination)) evaluation, as well as 14 to all relevant medical and psychological records and reports. 15 In the 16 case of a person who is indigent, the court shall, upon the person's 17 request, assist the person in obtaining an expert or professional person to perform an ((examination)) evaluation or participate in the 18 trial on the person's behalf. Nothing in this chapter precludes the 19 20 person from paying for additional expert services at his or her own 21 expense.

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(3) The person, the prosecuting agency, or the judge shall have the right to demand that the trial be before a twelve-person jury. If no demand is made, the trial shall be before the court.

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27 Sec. 2. RCW 71.09.090 and 2009 c 409 s 8 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

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30 (1) If the secretary determines that the person's condition has so 31 changed that either: (a) The person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator; or (b) conditional release to a less 32 restrictive alternative is in the best interest of the person and 33 conditions can be imposed that adequately protect the community, the 34 secretary shall authorize the person to petition the court for 35 36 conditional release to a less restrictive alternative or unconditional 37 discharge. The petition shall be filed with the court and served upon the prosecuting agency responsible for the initial commitment. The court, upon receipt of the petition for conditional release to a less restrictive alternative or unconditional discharge, shall within fortyfive days order a hearing.

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(2)(a) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the person 6 7 from otherwise petitioning the court for conditional release to a less restrictive alternative or unconditional discharge without 8 the secretary's approval. The secretary shall provide the committed person 9 with an annual written notice of the person's right to petition the 10 court for conditional release to a less restrictive alternative or 11 unconditional discharge over the secretary's objection. The notice 12 13 shall contain a waiver of rights. The secretary shall file the notice and waiver form and the annual report with the court. If the person 14 does not affirmatively waive the right to petition, the court shall set 15 16 a show cause hearing to determine whether probable cause exists to 17 warrant a hearing on whether the person's condition has so changed 18 that: (i) He or she no longer meets the definition of a sexually 19 violent predator; or (ii) conditional release to a proposed less 20 restrictive alternative would be in the best interest of the person and 21 conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the community.

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23 (b) The committed person shall have a right to have an attorney represent him or her at the show cause hearing, which may be conducted 24 25 solely on the basis of affidavits or declarations, but the person is not entitled to be present at the show cause hearing. At the show 26 27 cause hearing, the prosecuting attorney or attorney general shall present prima facie evidence establishing that the committed person 28 continues to meet the definition of a sexually violent predator and 29 that a less restrictive alternative is not in the best interest of the 30 31 person and conditions cannot be imposed that adequately protect the 32 community. In making this showing, the state may rely exclusively upon 33 the annual report prepared pursuant to RCW 71.09.070. The committed person may present responsive affidavits or declarations to which the 34 35 state may reply.

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37 (c) If the court at the show cause hearing determines that either:38 (i) The state has failed to present prima facie evidence that the

committed person continues to meet the definition of a sexually violent 1 2 predator and that no proposed less restrictive alternative is in the best interest of the person and conditions cannot be imposed that would 3 adequately protect the community; or (ii) probable cause exists to 4 5 believe that the person's condition has so changed that: (A) The person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator; 6 7 or (B) release to a proposed less restrictive alternative would be in the best interest of the person and conditions can be imposed that 8 9 would adequately protect the community, then the court shall set a 10 hearing on either or both issues.

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12 (d) If the court has not previously considered the issue of release 13 to a less restrictive alternative, either through a trial on the merits or through the procedures set forth in RCW 71.09.094(1), the court 14 shall consider whether release to a less restrictive alternative would 15 be in the best interests of the person and conditions can be imposed 16 17 that would adequately protect the community, without considering whether the person's condition has changed. The court may not find 18 probable cause for a trial addressing less restrictive alternatives 19 unless a proposed less restrictive alternative placement meeting the 20 21 conditions of RCW 71.09.092 is presented to the court at the show cause 22 hearing.

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24 (3)(a) At the hearing resulting from subsection (1) or (2) of this 25 section, the committed person shall be entitled to be present and to the benefit of all constitutional protections that were afforded to the 26 27 person at the initial commitment proceeding. The prosecuting agency shall represent the state and shall have a right to a jury trial and to 28 29 have the committed person evaluated by experts chosen by the state. The department is responsible for the cost of one expert or 30 professional person to conduct an evaluation on the prosecuting 31 32 agency's behalf. The committed person shall also have the right to a jury trial and the right to have experts evaluate him or her on his or 33 34 her behalf and the court shall appoint an expert if the person is indigent and requests an appointment. 35

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37 (b) Whenever any person is subjected to an evaluation under (a) of 38 this subsection, the department is responsible for the cost of one

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expert or professional person conducting an evaluation on the person's 1 2 behalf. When the person wishes to be evaluated by a qualified expert or professional person of his or her own choice, such expert or 3 professional person must be permitted to have reasonable access to the 4 person for the purpose of such evaluation, as well as to all relevant 5 medical and psychological records and reports. In the case of a person 6 who is indigent, the court shall, upon the person's request, assist the 7 person in obtaining an expert or professional person to perform an 8 evaluation or participate in the hearing on the person's behalf. 9 10 Nothing in this chapter precludes the person from paying for additional expert services at his or her own expense. 11

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13 (c) If the issue at the hearing is whether the person should be 14 unconditionally discharged, the burden of proof shall be upon the state 15 to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the committed person's 16 condition remains such that the person continues to meet the definition 17 of a sexually violent predator. Evidence of the prior commitment trial 18 and disposition is admissible. The recommitment proceeding shall 19 otherwise proceed as set forth in RCW 71.09.050 and 71.09.060.

21 (((-))) (d) If the issue at the hearing is whether the person 22 should be conditionally released to a less restrictive alternative, the 23 burden of proof at the hearing shall be upon the state to prove beyond 24 a reasonable doubt that conditional release to any proposed less 25 restrictive alternative either: (i) Is not in the best interest of the committed person; or (ii) does not include conditions that would 26 27 adequately protect the community. Evidence of the prior commitment trial and disposition is admissible. 28

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30 (4)(a) Probable cause exists to believe that a person's condition has "so changed," under subsection (2) of this section, only when 31 32 evidence exists, since the person's last commitment trial, or less restrictive alternative revocation proceeding, of a substantial change 33 34 in the person's physical or mental condition such that the person either no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator or 35 that a conditional release to a less restrictive alternative is in the 36 37 person's best interest and conditions can be imposed to adequately 38 protect the community.

- (b) A new trial proceeding under subsection (3) of this section may be ordered, or a trial proceeding may be held, only when there is current evidence from a licensed professional of one of the following and the evidence presents a change in condition since the person's last commitment trial proceeding:
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8 (i) An identified physiological change to the person, such as 9 paralysis, stroke, or dementia, that renders the committed person 10 unable to commit a sexually violent act and this change is permanent; 11 or

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(ii) A change in the person's mental condition brought about through positive response to continuing participation in treatment which indicates that the person meets the standard for conditional release to a less restrictive alternative or that the person would be safe to be at large if unconditionally released from commitment.

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(c) For purposes of this section, a change in a single demographic factor, without more, does not establish probable cause for a new trial proceeding under subsection (3) of this section. As used in this section, a single demographic factor includes, but is not limited to, a change in the chronological age, marital status, or gender of the committed person.

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(5) The jurisdiction of the court over a person civilly committed pursuant to this chapter continues until such time as the person is unconditionally discharged.

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30 Sec. 3. RCW 71.09.110 and 1995 c 216 s 14 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

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The department of social and health services shall be responsible for all costs relating to the evaluation and treatment of persons committed to their custody whether in a secure facility or under a less restrictive alternative under any provision of this chapter. <u>The</u> <u>secretary shall adopt rules to contain costs relating to reimbursement</u>

- 1 <u>for evaluation services.</u> Reimbursement may be obtained by the
- 2 department for the cost of care and treatment of persons committed to
- 3 its custody whether in a secure facility or under a less restrictive
- 4 alternative pursuant to RCW 43.20B.330 through 43.20B.370.
 - Passed by the Senate April 12, 2010. Passed by the House April 12, 2010. Approved by the Governor April 23, 2010. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 23, 2010.